

**Sustained Suppression of IGF1 with AZP-3813, a Bicyclic 16-Amino Acid Peptide Antagonist of the Human Growth Hormone Receptor and a Potential New Treatment for Acromegaly**

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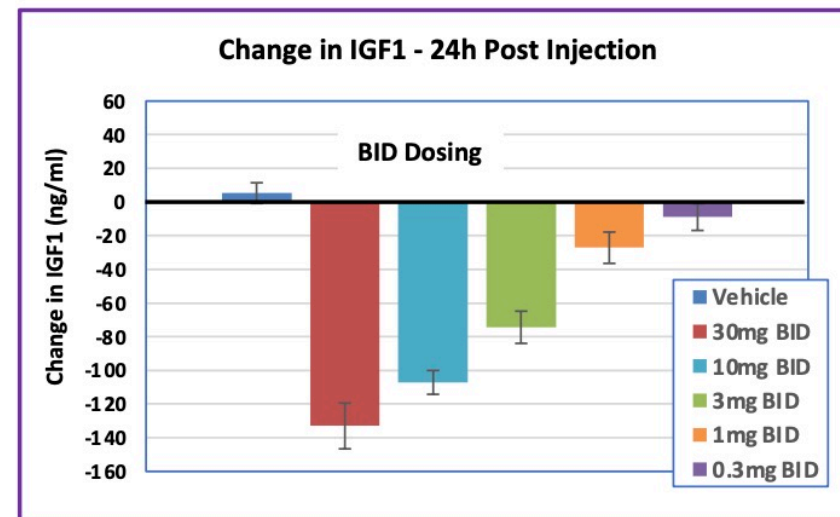
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# AZP-3813: 16 Amino Acid, Bi-Cyclic Peptide Antagonist of hGH Receptor

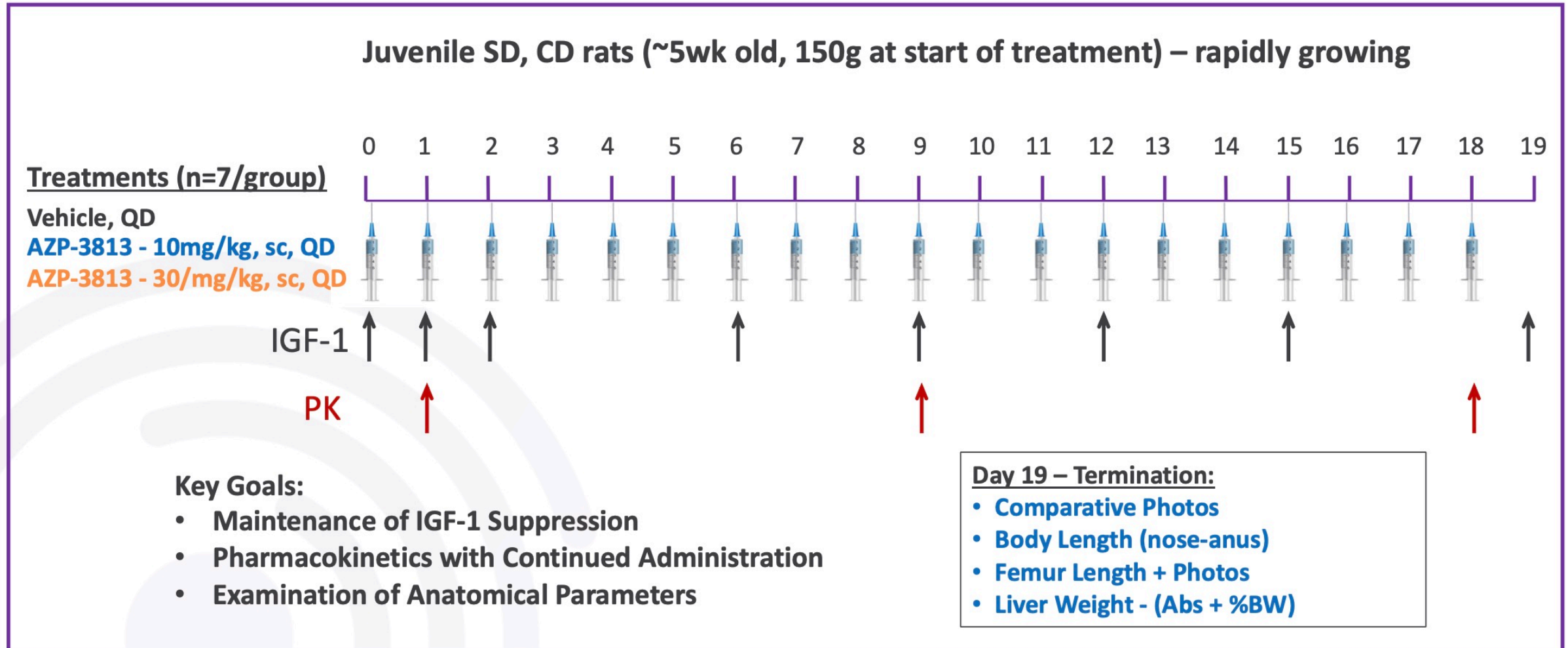
- hGH-R affinity ( $K_D$ ) = 2.9nM
- hGH-R antagonism ( $IC_{50}$ ) = 9.9nM
- 2H Human Plasma Stability = 88.5%
- rGH-R affinity ( $K_D$ ) = 18.5nM
- 2H Rat Plasma Stability = 105.9%



**Rapid, Dose-Related Suppression  
of IGF1 In Juvenile Rats**

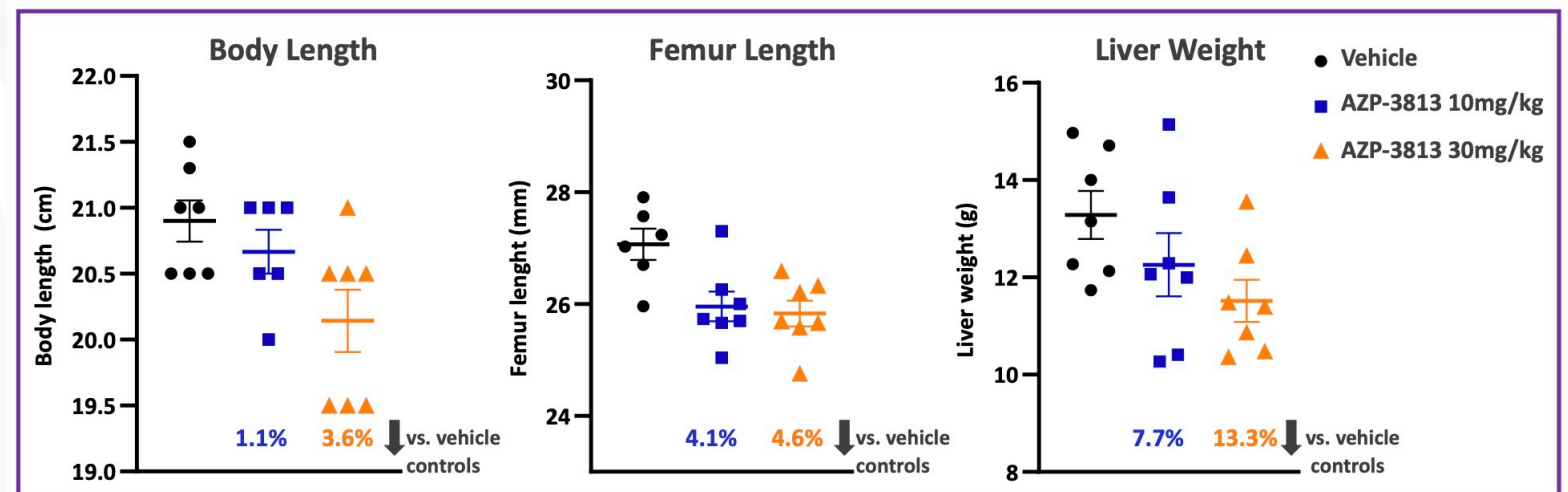
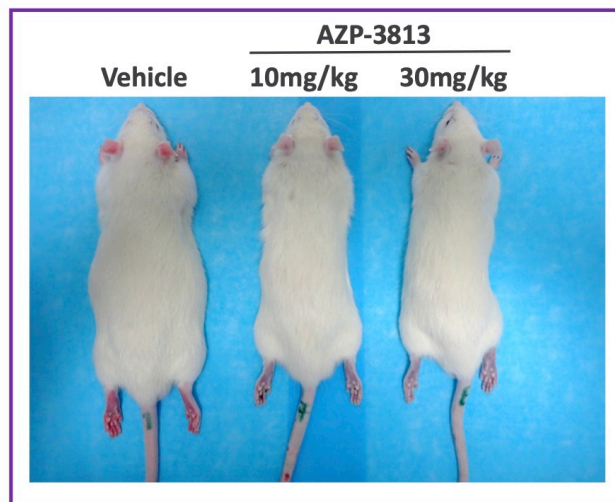
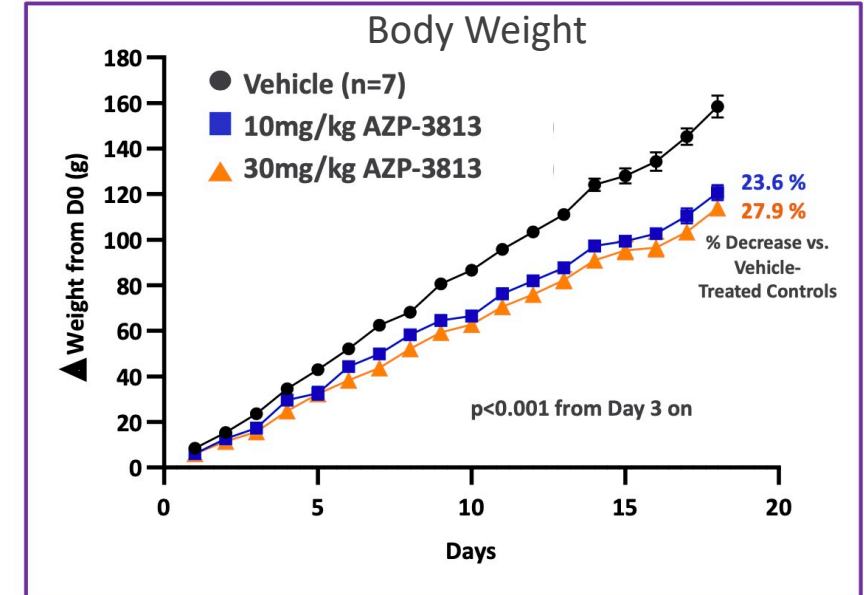
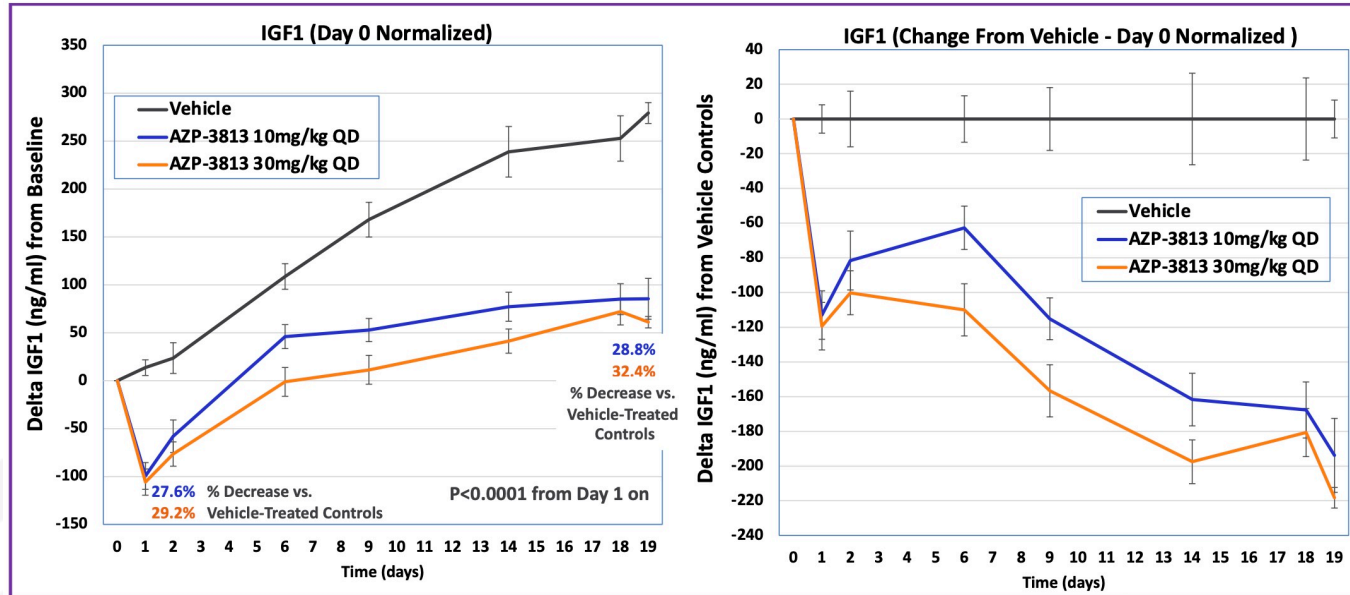
Present study examines the ability of chronic, daily administration of AZP-3813 treatment to maintain suppression of IGF1 levels and to suppress IGF1-related parameters in the juvenile rat

# Study Design – Effect of Chronic QD Administration of AZP-3813 on IGF1 and Related Parameters in Juvenile Rats





# Rapid, Sustained Suppression of IGF1 and IGF1-Related Parameters with Continued, Daily Administration of AZP-3813



# Summary and Conclusion

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## Summary of Effects of AZP-3813 on IGF1 and Associated Parameters in Juvenile Male Rats:

- Maximal suppression of IGF1 attained within 24 hours of initial dosing
- The magnitude of IGF1 suppression was maintained with continued, daily treatment, despite rising IGF1 levels observed in the vehicle-treated control rats
- Clear suppression of IGF1-influenced parameters with repeated, daily AZP-3813 administration, i.e. growth rate, body length, and anatomical parameters
- Blood levels of AZP-3813 increased with repeated, daily administration, indicating compound accumulation

## CONCLUSION:

These results demonstrate that with continued treatment, the potent GHR antagonist activity exhibited by AZP-3813 translates to highly effective, sustained in vivo suppression of IGF1 levels and associated parameters, and support its development as a potential therapy for acromegaly.